(b) The component-wise details of expenditure are not compiled and collated at the level of the Ministry. However, State Government/UTs are required to send utilization certificates of the financial assistance certifying that the funds have been utilized for the purpose for which the assistance was given.

(c) and (d) For the purpose of management of wildlife sanctuaries and national parks the surveys are carried out by the State Governments as and when required. At present there are no proposals for surveys as a matter of routine.

National Health Policy

†*363. SHRI PYARELAL KHANDELWAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government's health service, continuing under the National Health Policy, has failed to achieve its goals;

(b) if so, the reaction of Government in this regard; and

(c) if not, the number of health centres opened so far across the country under the National Health Policy and their present status.

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMDOSS): (a) and (b) Public Health initiatives over the years have contributed significantly to the progressive improvement of various health indicators. These include demographic changes reflected by increased life expectancy, reduction in crude birth and death rates and infant mortality rates; epidemiological shifts in terms of eradication of small pox and guinea worm, containment of number of cases of communicable diseases like malaria and leprosy; growth in infrastructure **in** terms of increase in number of Sub-Centres (SCs)/Primary Health Centres (PHCs)/Community Health Centres (CHCs), dispensaries, hospitals and beds as also medical personnel including doctors and nurses. These improvements show that the health services created in the country have not failed to achieve their goals.

This various time-bound goals set in the National Health Policy— 2002 are annexed as Statement (See below). Out of the various goals specified, four of them relate to the year 2005. These include eradication

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

of polio and yaws, elimination of leprosy, establishing an integrated system of surveillance, national health accounts and health statistics and increase state sector health spending from 5.5% to 7% of the budget. Polio and yaws are on the verge of being eradicated and leprosy has reached near elimination level with 17 States already having achieved it and 7 States close to achieving the same. An integrated disease surveillance programme has been launched to cover the entire country in a phased manner. A system of national health accounts is in the progress of being established. The goal regarding increasing the State sector health spending was discussed in the last conference of Central Council of Health & Family Welfare held in August, 2003 and States were accordingly requested to take apporpriate action on this.

(c) A three-tier Primary Health Care system consisting of SCs, PHCs and CHCs has been established in the countrty, 1,37,311 SCs, 22,926 PHCs and 3,106 CHCs are currently functioning in the country. An additional 8,669 new SCs are in the process of being opened during the Tenth Plan based on the norms as per the census data of 1991 taking the total number of SCs to 1,45,980 by 2006-07. The status of health centres varies across States with regard to availability of medical and paramedical manpower, medicines and consumables and building housing such centres. Presently, there is a shortage of around 16%, 19% and 54%, in number of SCs, PHCs and CHCs respectively *vis-a-vis* the population norms of 2001 Census across the country. There is also a shortage of around 15% of Auxiliary Nurse Mid-wives in SCs and PHCs and 49% in Health Worker (Male) at the Sub-Centre level; the shortage in doctors at the PHC level is around 8% where as that of specialists at the CHC level is 61%.

Statement

Goals to be achieved by 2000-2015

>	Eradicate Polio and Yaws	2005
>	Eliminate Leprosy	2005
>	Eliminate KalaAzar	2010
>	Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis	2015
>	Achieve Zero level growth of HIV/AIDS	2007

>	Reduce Mortality by 50% on account of TB	2010
	Malaria and Other Vector and Water borne diseases	
>	Reduce Prevalence of Blindness to 0.5%	2010
>	Reduce IMR to 30/1000 and MMR to 100/Lakh	2010
>	Increase utilization of public health facilities	2010
	from current Level of <20 to >75%	
>	Establish an integrated system of surveillance National Health Accounts and Health Statistics.	2005
>	Increase health expenditure by Government as	2010
	a % of GDP from the existing 0.9% to 2.0%	
>	Increase share of Central grants to Constitute	2010
	at least 25% of total health spending	
>	Increase State Sector Health spending from	2005
	5.5% to 7% of the budget	
>	Further increase to 8%	2010

Mega integrated industrial estate for Chemicals and petrp-chemicals industry

*369. SHRI R.P. GOENKA: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a plan has been formulated to set up a mega integrated industrial estate for the chemicals and petrochemicals industry under foreign collaboration;

(b) if so, the details thereof, including the feasibility studies undertaken, if any, to identify suitable locations(s) for the project in different regions;

(c) whether it is also a fact that some other countries like Singapore, Thailand, China etc., have already set up such projects; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN) (a) and (b) The Government has initiated action to